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May 20









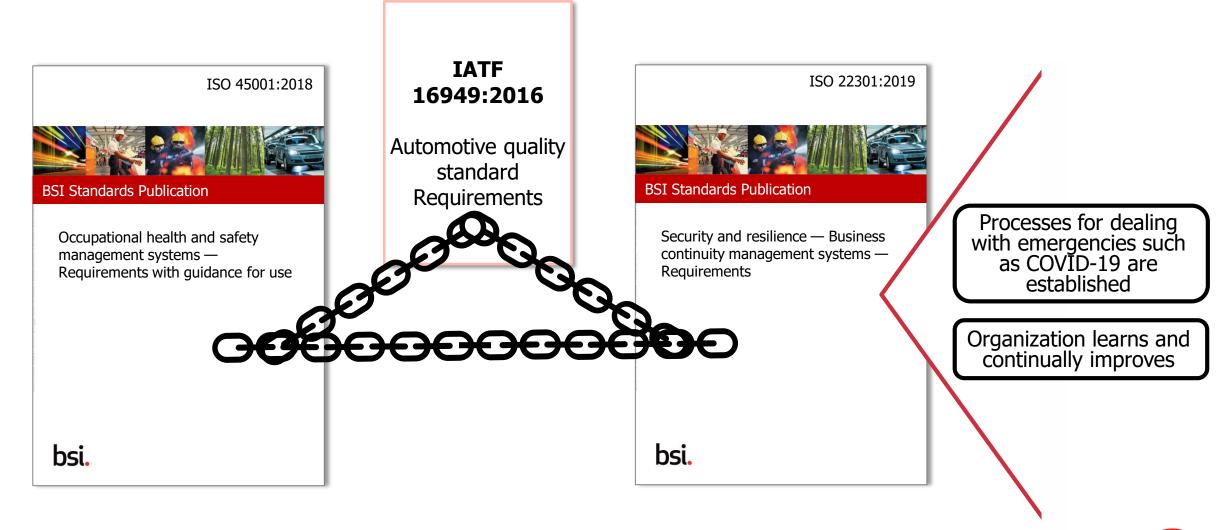
แผนรับมือเหตุฉุกเฉิน COVID-19 สำหรับอุตสาหกรรมการผลิต (ยานยนต์, อิเล็กทรอนิกส์)

- 1) เหตุฉุกเฉินในสถานการณ์ฉุกเฉินการแพร่ระบาดโควิด-19
- Pandemic Preparedness and Business Continuity
- 3) People Aspects of Business Continuity Management (ISO/TS 22330:2018)
- 4) Supply Chain Aspects of Business Continuity (ISO/TS 22318:2015)
- 5) ขั้นตอนการทำแผน Emergency Response Plan





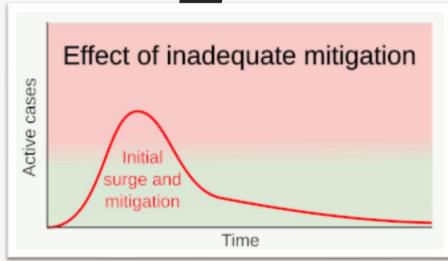
ISO 45001 links with ISO 22301



สถานการณ์









CORONAVIRUS data in detail 15 Scroll table to see more data *Deaths per 100,000 people Filter: The world New Cases Country Deaths Death rate* Total Cases 10 100 US 79,577 24.3 1,332,475 24 JAN 05 OCT UK 223,060 32,065 47.8 219,814 Italy 30,739 50.7 227,436 Spain 26,744 57.0 Thailand 56 0.1 3,015



Potential business impacts



- Emergency expenditures
- Revenue interruption

Operational



- Manufacturing
- Travel

Reputational

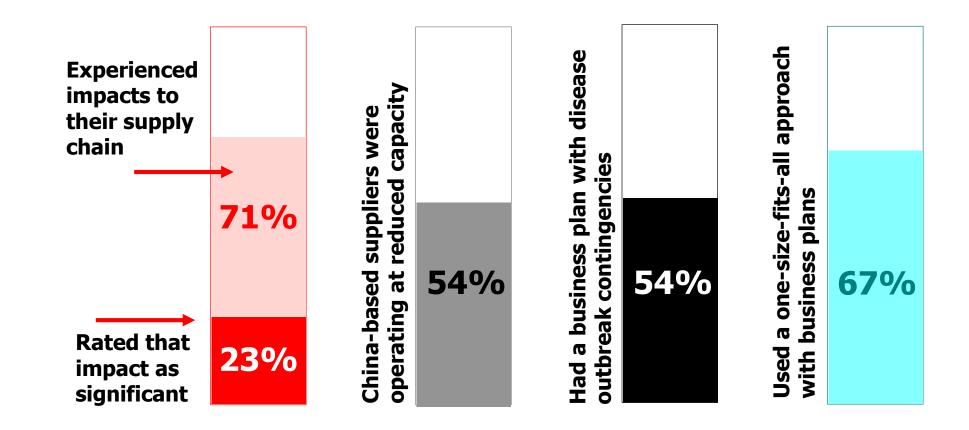
- Employee and customer relations
- Investor concerns





Supply chain impacts: COVID-19

In February of 2020, BSI performed a multi-industry benchmarking survey to determine the supply chain impact of the Coronavirus pandemic





Infrastructur

- เครื่องจักร/เครื่องเครื่อง
 อุปกรณ์ (7.1.1, 7.1.3)
- อะใหล่ (7.1.1)
- สาธญูปโภค (7.1.3)





Compe at Training

 ผู้ปฏิบัติงาน และ ค ามรู้ฝึกอบรม ความตระหนัก (5.3, 7.1.2, 7.1.6, 7.2, 7.3)

วัตถุดิบ

Ippat

- แผนการผลิต
- Product Spec
- Process standards

Process

- การเตรียมการก่อนการปฏิบัติ
- การปฏิบัติตามขั้นตอน

Transformation RM

- การเตรียมพร้อมสภาวะฉุกเฉิน
 - Contingency Plan (8.1, 8.4)
- แผนการจักการความเสี่ยงและ โอกาส (6.1.2, 8.1)

Output

- Product delivery to WH
- ผลการปฏิบัติงานตามแผน

สินค้าส่ง ลูกค้า

Documents & Records

- คู่มือเครื่องจักร (7.5.1,7.5.2, 7.5.3)
- บันทึกการซ่อมบำรุง และประห วัติเครื่องจักร
- IT

Monitoring

- การติดตามผลการปฏิบัติ (6.2.1, 6.2.2,
 9.1.1, 9.1.2, 9.1.3)
- การแก้ไขป้องกันเมื่อลูกค้าร้องเรียน, CAR จาก IQA (10.2)
- การปรับปรุงอย่างต่อเนื่อง (10.1, 10.3)



Focus

เน้น

- อาชีวอนามัยและความปลอดภัย
- ความต่อเนื่องธุรกิจ

มุม

- เตรียมการลดความเสี่ยง คน ธุรกิจ รวมถึงห่วงโซ่อุปทาน
- ตอบสนองเหตุการณ์



Risk assessment



Risk assessment

Overall process of risk identification, risk analysis and risk evaluation

Risk

effect of uncertainty on objectives

ISO 31000:2018

OHS Risk

combination of the likelihood of occurrence of a work-related hazardous event or exposure(s) and the severity of injury and ill health (3.18) that can be caused by the event or exposure(s)

ISO 45000:2018

ISO 22301, ISO 45001 refers to IEC 31010 Risk Assessment section for assessment techniques

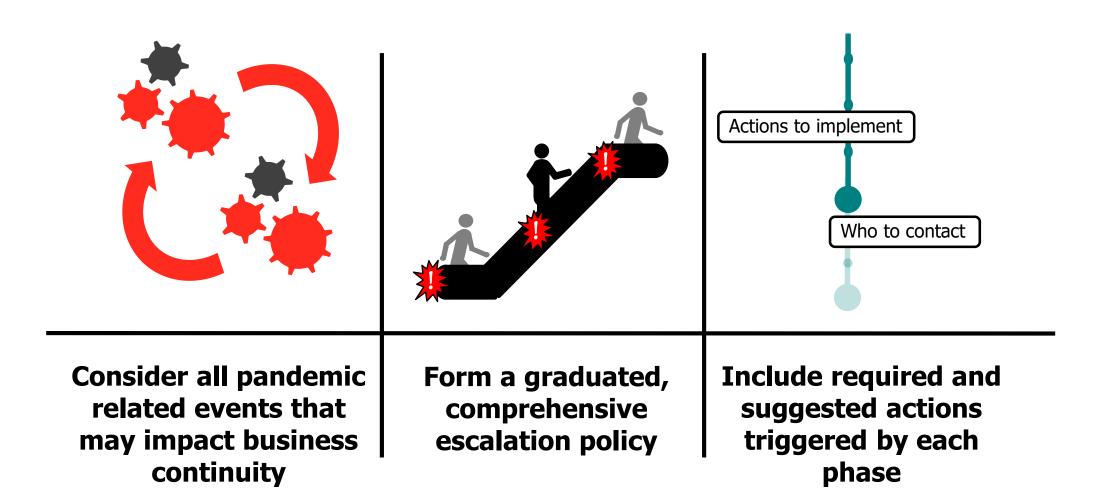


Communicable Disease Risk Assessment from COVID-19 (องศ์กรขนาดใหญ่ 1,000 คน)

Assess	OHS Risk	BC Risk	Impact	Likeli hood	Risk Level	Prevention Plan	Response Plan	Recovery Plan
พนักงานที่จำเป็น	โรคติดต่อ		เจ็บป่วย จำนวนมาก	ปานกลาง (ระบาด ภายในประเทศ)	* M	Social Distant, Visitor screen	Spare persons	Investigate , hospital
พนักงานสนับสนุน	โรคติดต่อ		เจ็บป่วย จำนวนมาก	ปานกลาง (ระบาด ภายในประเทศ)	* M	Work from home	Spare persons	Investigate, hospital
Raw Material		ผู้ส่งมอบ เจ็บป่วยหรือ หยุดงาน	ไม่สามารถผลิตได้	ปานกลาง (ระบาด ภายในประเทศ)	* M	Promote awareness	Move alternate	Supplier recovery
อุปกรณ์ supply		ผู้ส่งมอบ เจ็บป่วยหรือ หยุดงาน	สามารถผลิตได้ช้า	ปานกลาง (ระบาด ภายในประเทศ)	* M	Stock	Move alternate	Supplier recovery
Outsource ขนส่ง		ผู้ส่งมอบ เจ็บป่วยหรือ หยุดงาน	ส่งมอบไม่ทันเวลา	ปานกลาง (ระบาด ภายในประเทศ)	* M	Back up source	Move alternate	Supplier recovery
ห้องปฏิบัติงาน อาการ		มีการติดเชื้อ ห้ามใช้	ไม่สามารถผลิตได้	ปานกลาง (ระบาด ภายในประเทศ)	* M	Social Distant, Visitor screen	Back up site	Cleaning



Pandemic response protocols





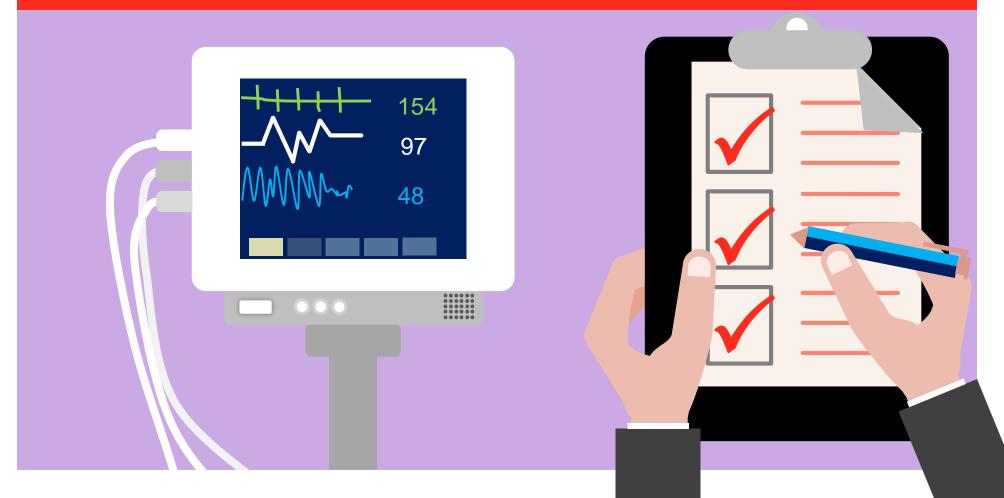
ISO 22330:2018 People Aspects of Business Continuity Management





First priority of business continuity

Preservation of life is the first priority of business continuity





Precursors - Duty of care





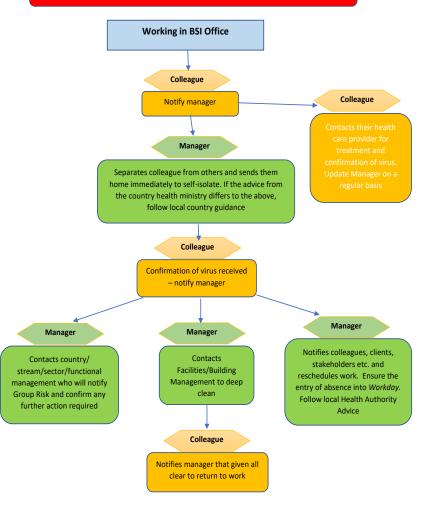
Respond

Body temperature >37.5 C Three broad themes Early warning WHERE WHO? WHAT? Accounting for Evacuation people Reception Incident response Managing injuries centres and fatalities Shelter in place Working with emergency services



Suspected cases of COVID-19 virus – Actions Scenario 1

Scenario 1 colleague working in the BSI office - mild to severe respiratory illness with symptoms such as fever, cough, and shortness of breath





Essential vs. non-essential roles

Essential role



Responsibilities are required for the continuation of core business functions

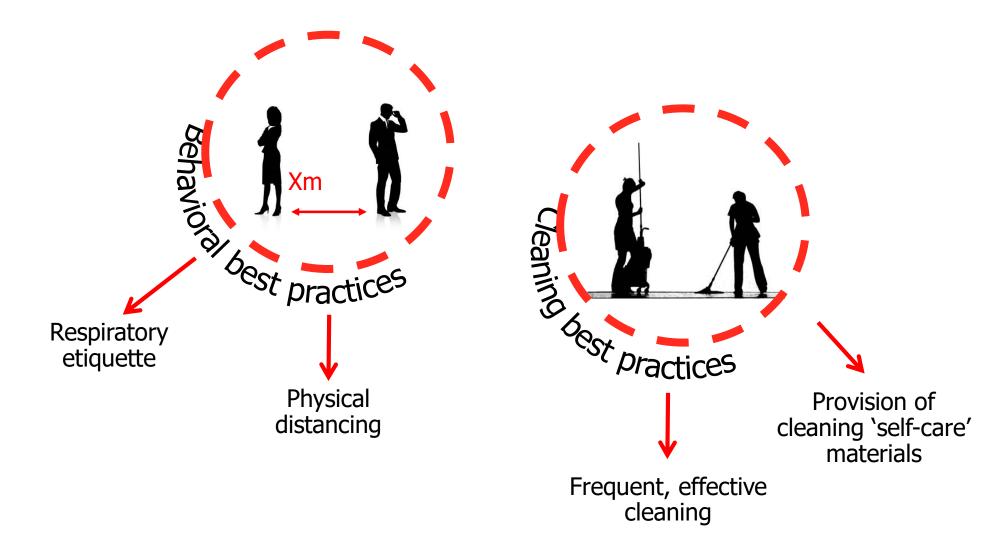
Non-essential role



Responsibilities can be temporarily suspended without long-lasting harm to the business's ability to function



Preventing transmission

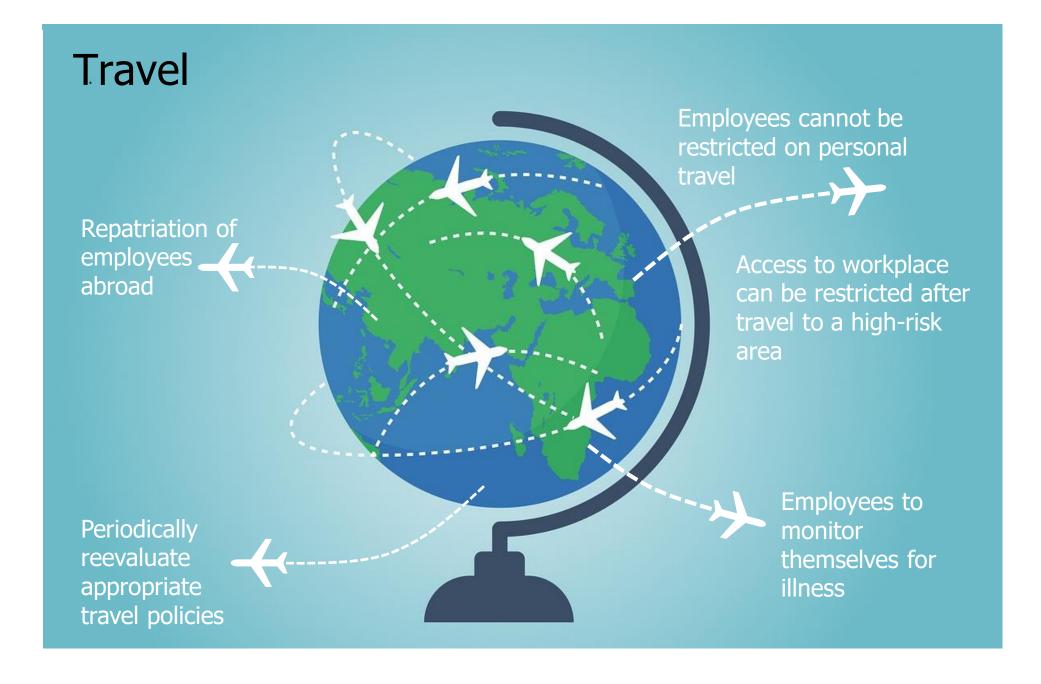




Visitors



- Security/building access control procedures
- Screening of visitors
- Provide PPE where needed
- Technology to communicate
- HR and legal resources determine what is appropriate





Remote work planning

- 1) Preparing for travel
- 2) Business information
- 3) Using home Wi-Fi
- 4) Use your VPN
- 5) Phishing
- 6) Mobile phone and device security
- 7) Backups
- Conference calling and internal communication
- 9) Working patterns
- 10) Working environment



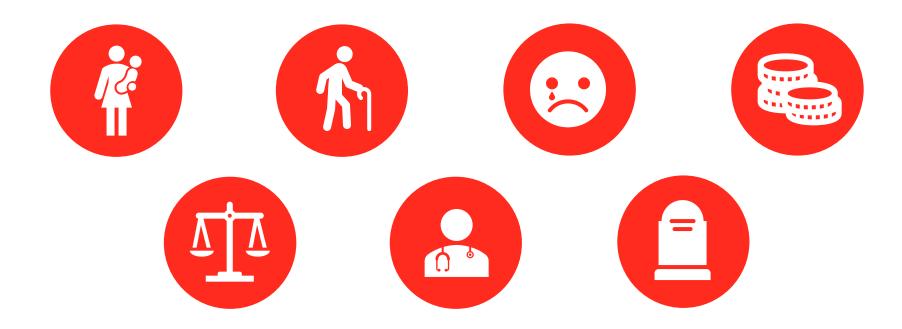






Employee Assistance Programs (EAP)

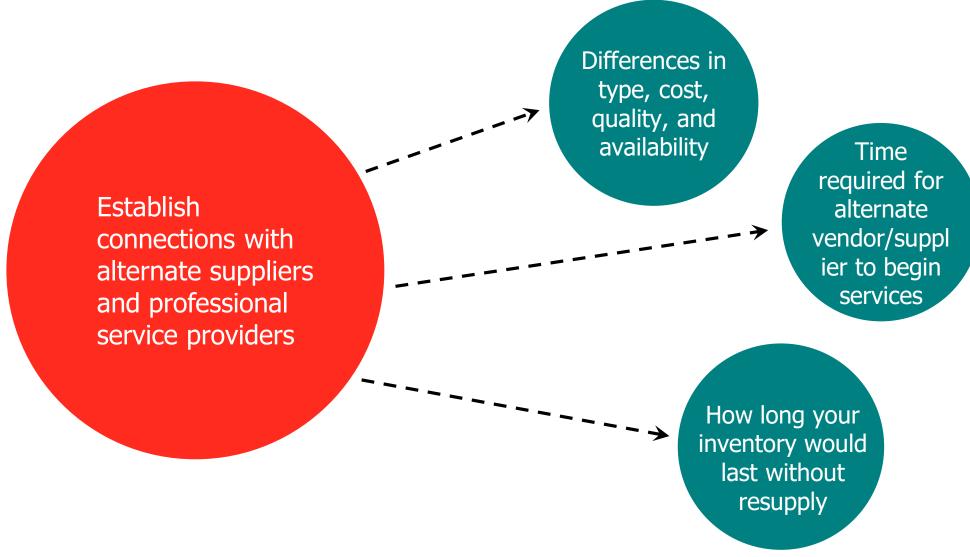
In a pandemic incident, there can be a variety of impacts on employees where an EAP can be valuable to help them and your business survive





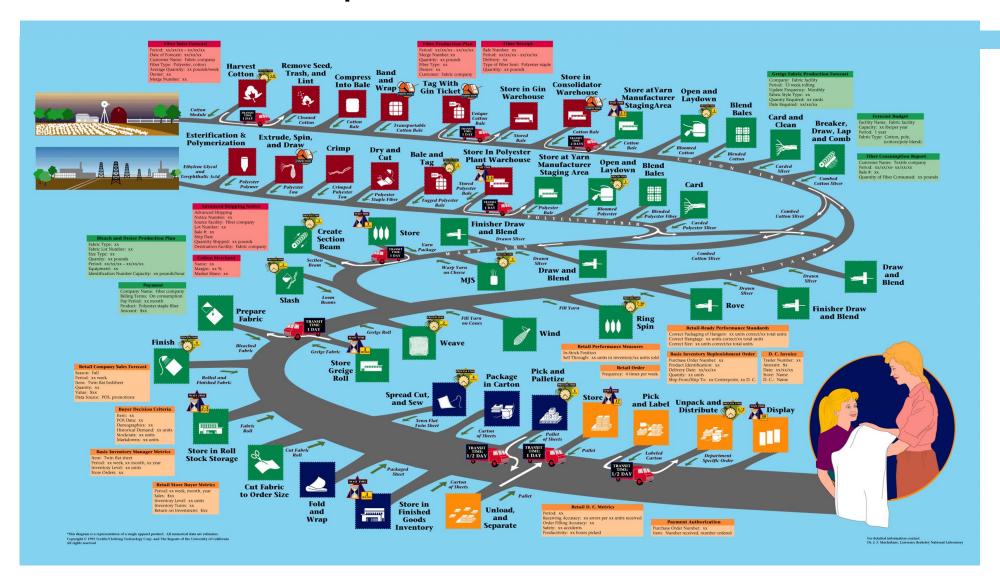
A focus on ISO/TS 22318: Moving towards resilience: Supply Chain and COVID-19 BC301001ENGX v1.0 May 2020 Copyright © 2020 BSI. All rights reserved.

Service and supply chain disruptions



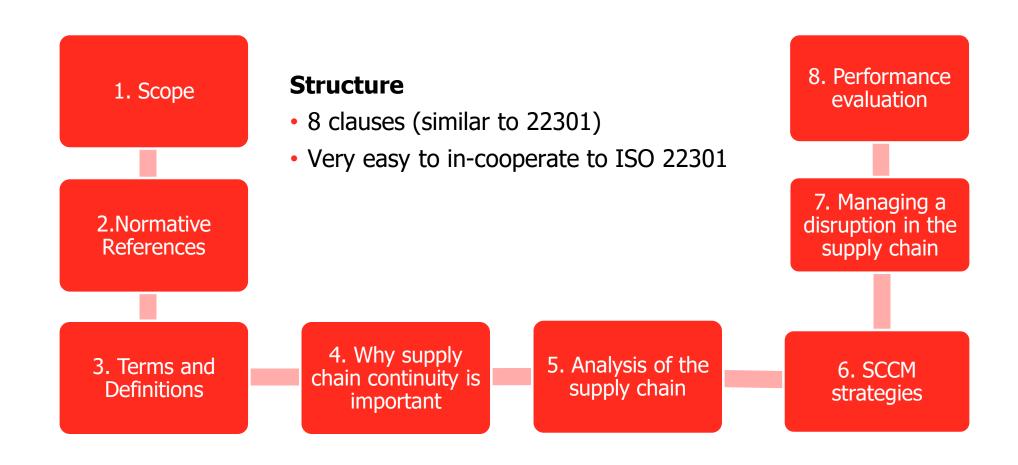


COVID-19: Process steps for bedsheet



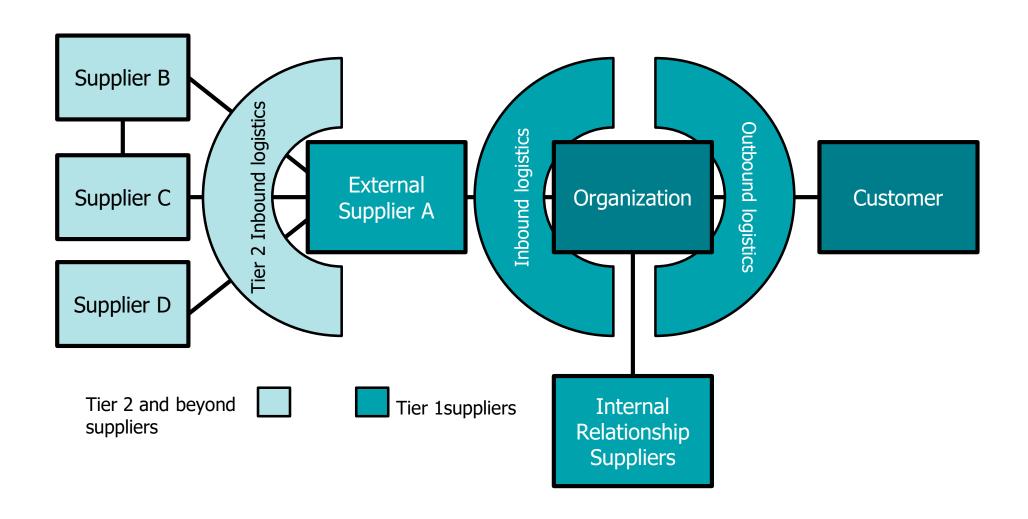


What is ISO/TS 22318:2015





ISO/TS 22318:2015 - Clause 4





Building a more robust supply chain

The largest hospital in a city, which has a population of 4 million, is implementing a BCMS. The implementation team is discussing how the supply chain resiliency could be improved.

Activities for building a more robust supply chain ISO/TS 22318:2015	Correct?
Buy warehouse and increase storage capacity	No
Reduce dependency	Yes
Increase resilience	Yes
Buy the competition	No

What critical RM, Supplier?



Vendor/supplier resiliency form: Example questions

Below is an example questionnaire that can be used to gather information from your supply chain (especially top/critical ones), on what level of BCP planning they have in place.

The answers provided should give you a better understanding of what support your suppliers have in place for you as a client. Requesting completion of such a questionnaire will also notify your suppliers that you are serious about BCP as a business.

Example business: MKS

Example supplier: ACE Semiconductor

MKS Business Continuity Planning (BCP)

Vendor Resiliency Analysis Revision – September 20XX

	Area	Question	YES (Y)	NO (N)	Added information or comments
1 BCP Governance and Organizational		 Does a policy exist that details senior management's responsibilities to ensure timely resumption of critical business processes following a disaster or interruption? If so, when was it last updated? 			
Structi	Structure	 Does a Crisis Management team exist that integrates with Emergency Response (life safety) and Business Continuity (operational recovery) Planning? 			
		 Are reviews of your key third party vendors and suppliers reformed to review existence of BCP? 			
2	Administration	 Is there a qualified individual accountable for managing the BCP program? If so, please provide contact information 			





There are several ways to ensure that your supply chain is resilient and therefore your business is better prepared for events and incidents - and this will enhance your client's trust into YOUR organization's ability to deliver.



Occupational health and safety (OH&S) management system and/or ISO 45001 requirements and supporting standards



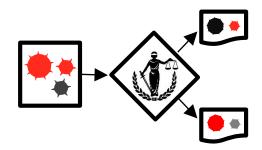
Level of risk to workers

Even where a communicable disease is confirmed, the risk to others is generally very low, unless those individuals have had direct exposure to bodily fluids





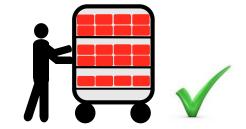
ISO 45001 manages changes brought about by communicable diseases



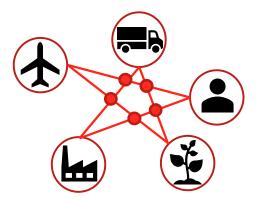
Processes: Comply with legal requirements or temporary measures



Resources, competency and communication in place



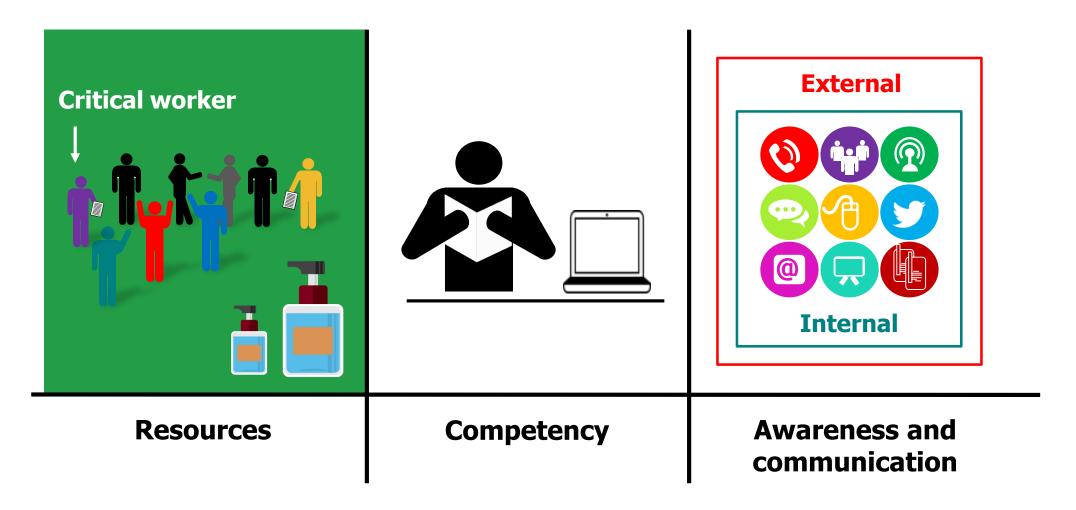
Framework: Workers are protected to the highest level



Procurement and supply chain risks assessed



ISO 45001 as part of pandemic risk management – Clause 7 Support





ISO 45001 as part of pandemic risk management – Clause 8 Operation

Review risk controls as the likelihood and consequence may increase around violence, stress or fatigue

Implementing effective controls e.g. good personal hygiene and ensuring sick workers stay home

Sectors at higher risk such as airlines, healthcare, education and public transportation will need higher levels of controls

Managing emergencies in light of specific controls issued during a pandemic





Pandemic Action Plan – Example

bsi.

CONTENTS Section 1: Crisis management structure for Pandemic response 6 Section 2: operational status tracking 11 Section 3: Internal communications 15 Section 4: External communications Section 5: travel restrictions 19 Section 6: workplace practices and precautions Section 7: Occupational health and Safety 23 Section 8: Human resources impact reduction 24 Section 9: Business operations 24



Related Training Courses

- Pandemic Preparedness and Business Continuity Training Course
- People Aspects of Business Continuity Management Training Course
- Guidelines for Supply Chain Aspects of Business Continuity Training Course (ISO/TS 22318:2015)
- ISO 22301
- ISO 45001
- IATF 16949



สถาบันขอขอบคุณผู้เข้าร่วมสัมมนาทุกท่าน

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